BIGI Baltic Transfers and Tours: 2018 Excursion Overview by CAR / Minibuses

NOTE: During your trip, we offer you to visit the most beautiful and popular landmarks. Additionally, it is possible to book a professional guide service (please book in advance).

Tours include: Transfer service with English speaking driver and parking on location. Tours exclude: Museum tickets, museum guide service, food and drinks.

Driver can also advise you for the best lunch or dinner spots on the way, if necessary.

1.

Riga City Overview Tour

Total duration of the excursion: 1,5 hours.

During the excursion by car we visit the most beautiful and famous places in the Riga city centre, around the old town and its surroundings. We start the excursion with the Art Nouveau buildings on Alberta Street, Riga Central Market and Pardaugava with Agenskalns and Kipsala unique, wooden architecture. There is a special opportunity to take photos with Riga on the background.

2.

Jurmala City Overview Tour

Total duration of the excursion: 3 hours (including coffee, WC stops).

With miles of sandy beaches, swaying pine trees and deliciously fresh air, eclectic architecture and plenty of fun, Jurmala is a resort like no other. Jurmala's reputation as a SPA destination began in the late 18th and early 19th centuries. Intact and specially protected nature, clean sea and pine wood air. Unique architectural blend with everything from ornate timber cottages to giant Soviet concrete sanatoria, plus a few contemporary masterpieces. A visit to the Forest park with a panoramic watchtower. Discover Jurmala's fishing heritage at the Open-Air Museum and take a stroll through a unique ecosystem of pines at dunes at the nearby Ragakapa Nature Park.

3.

Jurmala City Overview Tour - Fisherman Village

Total duration of the excursion: 5 hours (including coffee, WC stops).

With miles of sandy beaches, swaying pine trees and deliciously fresh air, eclectic architecture and plenty of fun, Jurmala is a resort like no other. Jurmala's reputation as a SPA destination began in the late 18th and early 19th centuries. Intact and specially protected nature, clean sea and pine wood air. Unique architectural blend with everything from ornate timber cottages to giant Soviet concrete sanatoria, plus a few contemporary masterpieces. A visit to recreational park with a panoramic view tower.

Fisherman Village. Discover Jurmala's fishing heritage at the Open-Air Museum and take a stroll through a unique ecosystem of pines at dunes at the nearby Ragakapa Nature Park. Fisherman Village Ragaciems - is a very interesting landmark to the history of fishing in the region. The area has docks and areas where fishermen-built huts to store their nets and other inventory.

Jurmala City Tour – Kemeri National Park & Bog– Fisherman Village

Total duration of the excursion: 6 hours (including coffee, WC stops).

With miles of sandy beaches, swaying pine trees and deliciously fresh air, eclectic architecture and plenty of fun, Jurmala is a resort like no other. Jurmala's reputation as a SPA destination began in the late 18th and early 19th centuries. Intact and specially protected nature, clean sea and pine wood air. Unique architectural blend with everything from ornate timber cottages to giant Soviet concrete sanatoria, plus a few contemporary masterpieces. A visit to recreational park with a panoramic view tower. Discover Jurmala's fishing heritage at the Open-Air Museum and take a stroll through a unique ecosystem of pines at dunes at the nearby Ragakapa Nature Park.

Kemeri. The Great Kemeri Bog Boardwalk is a popular tourist destination. The boardwalk takes visitors to the world of moss, small pine trees, deep pools, tiny dark lakes, and the smell of wild rosemary.

Fisherman Village Ragaciems - is a very interesting landmark to the history of fishing in the region. The area had docks and areas where fishermen-built huts to store their nets and other inventory.

5.

Jurmala City – Cinevilla – Chocolate Museum – Fisherman Village

Total duration of the excursion: 8 hours (including lunch, coffee, WC stops).

With miles of sandy beaches, swaying pine trees and deliciously fresh air, eclectic architecture and plenty of fun, Jurmala is a resort like no other. Jurmala's reputation as a SPA destination began in the late 18th and early 19th centuries. Intact and specially protected nature, clean sea and pine wood air. Unique architectural blend with everything from ornate timber cottages to giant Soviet concrete sanatoria, plus a few contemporary masterpieces.

Cinevilla is a major tourist attraction, and is the only such large-scale open-air cinema exhibition in the Baltic States. A visit to Cinevilla is like traveling in a time machine – you will see what Riga looked like about a hundred years ago.

Chocolate Museum is the largest chocolate museum in the Baltic region. "Laima" chocolate can be enjoyed with all the senses - it can be seen, tasted, heard and felt... How? You can find out by visiting the museum.

Fisherman Village Ragaciems - is a very interesting landmark to the history of fishing in the region. The area had docks and areas where fishermen-built huts to store their nets and other inventory.

6.

Sigulda, Sigulda Castle - Turaida Castle

Total duration of the excursion: 5 hours (including coffee, WC stops).

Sigulda and Turaida are located in the heart of Gauja National Park. Sigulda Castle was built in 1207 as a castellum type fortress, later rebuilt into a convent type building. From 2012 it is possible to climb up the North Tower, the Main Gate Tower and enjoy the medieval aura. Building of the Turaida castle was started in 1214 according to directions given by Albert, archbishop of Riga in the place where in former times was located wooden castle of Liv leader Kaupo. Visit to Bobsleigh and Luge Sports Centre. From a height of 42m you can view the Gauja valley from the cable car that connects both banks of the river with the span of 1020 m. It provides a view of castles, the bobsleigh track and the charming scenery.

Cesis, Cesis Castle – Araisi Settlement

Total duration of the excursion: 5 hours (including coffee, WC stops).

Cesis Castle, already at the beginning of 13th century the more ancient hillfort of Vends was transformed and here was built the first medieval castle of Livonian Brothers of Sword. The New Cesis Castle was built in the 18th century as part of a medieval castle fortification system.

Araisi Settlement. The Lake Castle of Araisi is of pan-European importance. It is a reconstructed Lettigalian lake castle from the 9th or 10th century, and it is the only place in the Baltic States at which visitors can learn about how people lived more than 1,000 years ago.

8.

Cesis, Cesis Castle – Sigulda Castle – Turaida Castle

Total duration of the excursion: 7 hours (including lunch, coffee, WC stops).

The most beautiful Latvian nature park - Gaujas National Park is located only 40-minute drive from Riga. Cesis Castle, already at the beginning of 13th century the more ancient hillfort of Vends was transformed and here was built the first medieval castle of Livonian Brothers of Sword. The Cesis New Castle was built in the 18th century as part of a medieval castle fortification system.

Sigulda and Turaida are located in the heart of Gauja National Park. Sigulda Castle was built in 1207 as a castellum type fortress, later rebuilt into a convent type building. From 2012 it is possible to climb up the North Tower, the Main Gate Tower and enjoy the medieval aura. Building of the Turaida castle was started in 1214 according to directions given by Albert, archbishop of Riga in the place where in former times was located wooden castle of Liv leader Kaupo.

Visit to Bobsleigh and Luge Sports Centre. From a height of 42m you can view the Gauja valley from the cable car that connects both banks of the river with the span of 1020 m. It provides a view of castles, the bobsleigh track and the charming scenery.

9.

Latvian Ethnographic Museum - Sigulda - Turaida Castle

Total duration of the excursion: 7 hours (including lunch, coffee, WC stops).

Latvian Ethnographic Museum one of the oldest and largest open-air museums in Europe, established in 1924, is located on the banks of Lake Jugla, just a 30-minute drive from downtown Riga. 118 historical buildings from all four of Latvia's provinces – Kurzeme, Vidzeme, Zemgale and Latgale, have been put on display at the museum.

Sigulda and Turaida are in the heart of the Gaujas National Park. Sigulda Castle was built in 1207 as a castellum type fortress, later rebuilt into a convent type building. From 2012 it is possible to climb up the North Tower, the Main Gate Tower and enjoy the medieval aura. Building of the Turaida castle was started in 1214 according to directions given by Albert, archbishop of Riga in the place where in former times was located wooden castle of Liv leader Kaupo.

Visit to Bobsleigh and Luge Sports Centre. From a height of 42m you can view the Gauja valley from the cable car that connects both banks of the river with the span of 1020 m. It provides a view of castles, the bobsleigh track and the charming scenery.

Rundale Palace

Total duration of the excursion: 5 hours (including coffee, WC stops).

Rundale Palace with Charming French-style park was built Duck Biron in two periods, from 1736 until 1740 and from 1764 until 1768, as Russian Empire Catherine II summer residence. Rundales Palace architect is Bartolomeo Rastrelli.

11.

Rundale Palace - Bauska Castle - Mezotne Palace

Total duration of the excursion: 7 hours (including lunch, coffee, WC stops).

Rundale Palace with Charming French-style park was built in two periods, from 1736 until 1740 and from 1764 until 1768. Rundales Palace was designed by Bartolomeo Rastrelli

Bauska. The oldest part of Bauska Castle is the Livonian Order Fortress, built specially for the use of firearms. It is a characteristic example of Latvia's 15th-17th century military construction. The residence-type castle, fortified with bastions, fortification walls and earthen ramparts, is a more recent structure.

Mezotne. The history of the Mezotne estate dates back to Duke Jacob's time - the middle of 17th century. In 1795, the Russian Empress Catherine II granted the Mezotne estate for lifetime use to the governess of her grandchildren Charlotte.

12.

Hill of Crosses (Lithuania, LT) - Rundale Palace - Bauska Castle

Total duration of the excursion: 8 hours (including lunch, coffee, WC stops).

Hill of Crosses in Lithuania is a unique sacral place. People of different nations and religions bring here crosses with their names, intentions, and pleadings for clemency.

Rundale Palace with Charming French-style park was built in two periods, from 1736 until 1740 and from 1764 until 1768. Rundales Palace was designed by Bartolomeo Rastrelli.

The oldest part of Bauska Castle is the Livonian Order Fortress, built specially for the use of firearms. It is a characteristic example of Latvia's 15th-17th century military construction. The residence-type castle, fortified with bastions, fortification walls and earthen ramparts, is a more recent structure.

13.

Hill of Crosses (Lithuania, LT)

Total duration of the excursion: 5 hours (including coffee, WC stops).

Hill of Crosses in Lithuania is a unique sacral place. People of different nations and religions bring here crosses with their names, intentions, and pleadings for clemency.

14.

Ligatne Soviet Bunker - Cesis, Cesis Castle

Total duration of the excursion: 7 hours (including lunch, coffee, WC stops).

Only 40-minute drive from Riga we reach the most beautiful Latvian nature park - Gaujas National Park. Cesis Castle, already at the beginning of 13th century the more ancient hillfort of Vends was transformed and here was built the first medieval castle of Livonian Brothers of Sword. The Cesis New Castle was built in the 18th century as part of a medieval castle fortification system.

The Soviet Bunker is spacious. There are many rooms with a mysteriously intriguing atmosphere reigning in there. Each of the historical attributes of the bunker is an interesting testimony with its own history. In the bunker's canteen, you can feast on typical Soviet dishes. Bunker has special attending time, anytime 100,-EUR with private guide.

Tallinn via Turaida Castle and Sigulda Castle and Parnu (up to 2h)

Total duration of the excursion: 10 hours (including lunch, coffee, WC stops).

Sigulda and Turaida are in the heart of the Gaujas National Park. Sigulda Castle was built in 1207 as a castellum type fortress, later rebuilt into a convent type building. From 2012 it is possible to climb up the North Tower, the Main Gate Tower and enjoy the medieval aura. Building of the Turaida castle was started in 1214 according to directions given by Albert, archbishop of Riga in the place where in former times was located wooden castle of Liv leader Kaupo. Visit to Bobsleigh and Luge Sports Centre. From a height of 42m you can view the Gauja valley from the cable car that connects both banks of the river with the span of 1020 m. It provides a view of castles, the bobsleigh track and the charming scenery.

Pärnu, was founded around 1250 with the inauguration of the cathedral situated by the River Pärnu. From 1346 onwards, the city developed to a flourishing member of the Hanseatic League. Pärnu today is the most popular resort with a charming beach.

16.

Tallinn via Turaida Castle and Sigulda Castle, Cable Car

Total duration of the excursion: 8 hours (including lunch, coffee, WC stops).

Sigulda and Turaida are in the heart of the Gaujas National Park. Sigulda Castle was built in 1207 as a castellum type fortress, later rebuilt into a convent type building. From 2012 it is possible to climb up the North Tower, the Main Gate Tower and enjoy the medieval aura. Building of the Turaida castle was started in 1214 according to directions given by Albert, archbishop of Riga in the place where in former times was located wooden castle of Liv leader Kaupo.

Visit to Bobsleigh and Luge Sports Centre. From a height of 42m you can view the Gauja valley from the cable car that connects both banks of the river with the span of 1020 m. It provides a view of castles, the bobsleigh track and the charming scenery.

17.

Tallinn via Pärnu (up to 2h)

Total duration of the excursion: 7 hours (including lunch, coffee, WC stops).

Pärnu, was founded around 1250 with the inauguration of the cathedral situated by the River Pärnu. From 1346 onwards, the city developed to a flourishing member of the Hanseatic League. Pärnu today is the most popular resort with a charming beach.

18.

Tartu City via Ligatne Soviet Bunker

Total duration of the excursion: 6 hours (including lunch, coffee, WC stops).

The Soviet Bunker is spacious. There are many rooms with a mysteriously intriguing atmosphere reigning in there. Each of the historical attributes of the bunker is an interesting testimony with its own history. In the bunker's canteen, you can feast on typical Soviet dishes. Bunker has special attending time, anytime 100,-EUR with private guide.

Tartu is the second largest city of Estonia. Tartu is often considered the intellectual centre of the country, especially since it is home to the nation's oldest and most renowned university, the University of Tartu.

Tartu City via Turaida Castle and Sigulda Castle, Cable Car

Total duration of the excursion: 8 hours (including lunch, coffee, WC stops).

Sigulda and Turaida are in the heart of the Gaujas National Park. Sigulda Castle was built in 1207 as a castellum type fortress, later rebuilt into a convent type building. From 2012 it is possible to climb up the North Tower, the Main Gate Tower and enjoy the medieval aura. Building of the Turaida castle was started in 1214 according to directions given by Albert, archbishop of Riga in the place where in former times was located wooden castle of Liv leader Kaupo.

Visit to Bobsleigh and Luge Sports Centre. From a height of 42m you can view the Gauja valley from the cable car that connects both banks of the river with the span of 1020 m. It provides a view of castles, the bobsleigh track and the charming scenery.

Tartu is the second largest city of Estonia. Tartu is often considered the intellectual centre of the country, especially since it is home to the nation's oldest and most renowned university, the University of Tartu.

20.

Tartu via Latvian Ethnographic Museum (up to 2h) via Soviet Bunker Total duration of the excursion: 8 hours (including lunch, coffee, WC stops).

Latvian Ethnographic Museum one of the oldest and largest open-air museums in Europe, established in 1924, is located on the banks of Lake Jugla, just a 30 minute drive from downtown Riga. 118 historical buildings from all four of Latvia's provinces — Kurzeme, Vidzeme, Zemgale and Latgale, have been put on display at the museum.

The Soviet Bunker is spacious. There are many rooms with a mysteriously intriguing atmosphere reigning in there. Each of the historical attributes of the bunker is an interesting testimony with its own history. In the bunker's canteen, you can feast on typical Soviet dishes. Bunker has special attending time, anytime 100,- EUR with private guide.

21.

Vilnius via Bauska Castle via Rundale Palace

Total duration of the excursion: 8 hours (including lunch, coffee, WC stops).

The oldest part of Bauska Castle is the Livonian Order Fortress, built specially for the use of firearms. It is a characteristic example of Latvia's 15th-17th century military construction. The residence-type castle, fortified with bastions, fortification walls and earthen ramparts, is a more recent structure.

Rundale Palace with Charming French-style park was built in two periods, from 1736 until 1740 and from 1764 until 1768. Rundales Palace was designed by Bartolomeo Rastrelli.

22.

Vilnius via Rundale Palace via Bauska Castle via Hill of Crosses

Total duration of the excursion: 9 hours (including lunch, coffee, WC stops).

The oldest part of Bauska Castle is the Livonian Order Fortress, built specially for the use of firearms. It is a characteristic example of Latvia's 15th-17th century military construction. The residence-type castle, fortified with bastions, fortification walls and earthen ramparts, is a more recent structure.

Rundale Palace with Charming French-style park was built in two periods, from 1736 until 1740 and from 1764 until 1768. Rundales Palace was designed by Bartolomeo Rastrelli.

Hill of Crosses in Lithuania is a unique sacral place. People of different nations and religions bring here crosses with their names, intentions, and pleadings for clemency.

Total duration of the excursion: 8-9 hours (including lunch, coffee, WC stops).

23.

Vilnius via Hill of Crosses

Total duration of the excursion: 6 hours (including lunch, coffee, WC stops).

Hill of Crosses in Lithuania is a unique sacral place. People of different nations and religions bring here crosses with their names, intentions, and pleadings for clemency.

24.

Kaunas via Rundale Palace and Bauska Castle

Total duration of the excursion: 7 hours (including lunch, coffee, WC stops).

The oldest part of Bauska Castle is the Livonian Order Fortress, built specially for the use of firearms. It is a characteristic example of Latvia's 15th-17th century military construction. The residence-type castle, fortified with bastions, fortification walls and earthen ramparts, is a more recent structure.

Rundale Palace with Charming French-style park was built in two periods, from 1736 until 1740 and from 1764 until 1768. Rundales Palace was designed by Bartolomeo Rastrelli.

25.

Kaunas via Rundale Palace and Bauska Castle and Hill of Crosses

Total duration of the excursion: 9 hours (including lunch, coffee, WC stops).

The oldest part of Bauska Castle is the Livonian Order Fortress, built specially for the use of firearms. It is a characteristic example of Latvia's 15th-17th century military construction. The residence-type castle, fortified with bastions, fortification walls and earthen ramparts, is a more recent structure.

Rundale Palace with Charming French-style park was built in two periods, from 1736 until 1740 and from 1764 until 1768. Rundales Palace was designed by Bartolomeo Rastrelli.

Hill of Crosses in Lithuania is a unique sacral place. People of different nations and religions bring here crosses with their names, intentions, and pleadings for clemency.

26.

Nida (Lithuania) via Liepaja (up to 2h)

Total duration of the excursion: 7 hours (including lunch, coffee, WC stops).

In 1253 Liepaja was first mentioned in documents, according to which this territory was divided between the Livonian Order and the Bishop of Courland. From 1899 to 1909 a military port. The Russian Tsar Nikolay II believed that Liepaja is a perfect place for a fortress. Although this fortress was never used, the military town built around it with the Officer's Palace, St Nicholas Orthodox Sea Cathedral, and the Riding Manege that were later used by the Soviet Army, are great historical monuments and popular tourist destinations. Visit Liepaja North Port, Old Prison.

Nida is a resort town in Lithuania. Located on the Curonian Spit between the Curronian Lagoon and the Baltic Sea.

27.

Pärnu via Cesis, Cesis Castle (2h)

Total duration of the excursion: 7 hours (including lunch, coffee, WC stops).

Cesis Castle, already at the beginning of 13th century the more ancient hillfort of Vends was transformed and here was built the first medieval castle of Livonian Brothers of

Sword. The Cesis New Castle was built in the 18th century as part of a medieval castle fortification system.

Pärnu, was founded around 1250 with the inauguration of the cathedral situated by the River Pärnu. From 1346 onwards, the city developed to a flourishing member of the Hanseatic League. Pärnu today is the most popular resort with a charming beach.

28.

Pärnu via Turaida Castle and Sigulda Castle (2h)

Total duration of the excursion: 6 hours (including coffee, WC stops).

Sigulda and Turaida are in the heart of the Gaujas National Park. Sigulda Castle was built in 1207 as a castellum type fortress, later rebuilt into a convent type building. From 2012 it is possible to climb up the North Tower, the Main Gate Tower and enjoy the medieval aura. Building of the Turaida castle was started in 1214 according to directions given by Albert, archbishop of Riga in the place where in former times was located wooden castle of Liv leader Kaupo.

Visit to Bobsleigh and Luge Sports Centre. From a height of 42m you can view the Gauja valley from the cable car that connects both banks of the river with the span of 1020 m. It provides a view of castles, the bobsleigh track and the charming scenery.